

SENATE FOR
POSTAL BANKSCount of Members Shows
Eight Majority

DOUBT ABOUT ATTITUDE

If House Committee—Bill Will Be
Pressed as Party Measure—Discon-
tent in the Middle West Must
Be Checked.

Washington, Feb. 11.—A majority of eight votes is counted for the postal savings bank bill in the Senate, consequently the leaders are giving assurance that the measure will go to the upper branch when friends and opponents are talked out. In the House the bill will be referred to the committee on post office and post roads, and as some doubt exists whether that committee will be willing to report the bill, the plan is to call a Republican caucus and demand enactment of the measure as a redemption of the party pledge. The bill is going through under the whip and spur, not because a majority of Congress believe it is wise or even needed legislation. It is regarded as the most popular offering Congress can make to the discontented middle West, and the leaders are fearful that a failure to provide postal banks would add one more important indictment to the list which is being found against the party in the court of popular appeal.

From the economic point of view, the bill is admittedly defective, because it does not give precedence to a provision requiring that the deposits shall be used first for the purchase of government bonds. Unless the bill explicitly provides that this shall be the first use to be made of the money, it will be met by the powerful opposition of Senator Aldrich, whose plan of currency reform might be seriously embarrassed if the postal deposits were not made readily available for the retirement of the Panama two per cents and perhaps other government securities. An amendment by Senator Root of New York to cure this defect will be offered.

The amendment, of course, antagonizes the principle of the Carter bill, which provides that the money shall first be deposited in local banks. It is estimated, however, that if the deposits are forthcoming in any such volume as the friends of the measure predict, enough money will be received, not only to take care of the bonds, but to allow the western banks some generous droppings. The banks must pay two and one-fourth per cent, to the government, and the government must pay the people two per cent, interest on deposits.

Under this measure, the postmaster general will designate as rapidly as consistent with good administration the money order offices as places for the receipt of savings deposits, and he is empowered to designate such other offices as he deems advisable. There are approximately fifty thousand money order post offices, so that the postmaster general may at first restrict the depositories to post offices of the presidential grade, of which there are about seventy-five hundred. Amounts may be opened by persons ten years or more of age. Married women may have accounts free from interference by their husbands. No

They Grow Hair

Certain Ingredients if Properly Combined,
Stimulate Human Hair Growth.

Resorcin is one of the most effective agents known for stimulating hair growth. Beta naphthol is a most powerful, yet absolutely safe germicide and antiseptic, which prevents development of germ matter, and creates a clean, healthy condition.

Pilocarpine, although not a coloring matter or dye, is an ingredient well established for its power to restore natural color to human hair.

Borax, because of its well-defined softening and cleansing properties, is most useful in the treatment of scalp and hair diseases. Glycerine acts as a stimulant to the hair bulbs, and has a soothing, healing and nourishing influence. Alcohol is indispensable in medicine, because of its antiseptic, stimulating and preservative qualities.

Resall "33" Hair Tonic is chiefly composed of these ingredients, which are compounded in a peculiar form, and we believe it is the most effective remedy known to medical science for scalp and hair troubles generally. We personally guarantee it to eradicate dandruff and scalp irritations and to grow hair, even though the scalp in spots is bare of hair, providing of course there is life and vitality remaining in the hair roots.

We want everyone troubled with scalp disease, dandruff or loss of hair to try Resall "33" Hair Tonic. If it does not remove dandruff and promote a growth of hair to the satisfaction of the user, we will without question or quibble return every cent paid for it. This guarantee is printed on every package. It has effected most satisfactory results in 93 out of 100 cases where put to a practical test.

Resall "33" Hair Tonic is entirely unlike and is very particular different from anything else we know of for the purpose for which it is recommended. We urge you to try it at our entire risk. Certainly we could offer no better guarantee. Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. Sold in Barre only at our store—The Resall Store, Red Cross Pharmacy, Burt H. Wells, proprietor.

Constipation
Should not
be neglected.
It leads to
many serious
diseases.
It shows that
the important
functions of the
digestive system
are being
impaired.
The best
remedy to take
for it is the
Hood's Pills.
Prepared by
C. C. Hood & Co.,
Lowell, Mass.,
Sold by all druggists and sent by mail. Price, 50c.
H. Made by Hood's Food.ENDS INDIGESTION
IN A FEW MOMENTSGas, Heartburn, Headache and All Misery
from Out-of-order Stomach Vanishes
After Taking a Little
Diapensin.

Nothing will remain undigested or sour on your stomach, if you will take a little Diapensin occasionally. This powerful digestive and antacid, though as harmless and pleasant as candy, will digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you can eat. Eat what your stomach craves, without the slightest fear of indigestion or that you will be bothered with any risings, belching, gas on stomach, heartburn, headache, water brash or a feeling like you had swallowed a lump of lead, or other disagreeable miseries. Should you be suffering now from any stomach disorder, you can get relief within five minutes. If you will get from your pharmacist a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapensin, you could always go to the table with a hearty appetite, and your meals would taste good, because you would know there would be no indigestion or sleepless nights or headache or stomach misery all the next day, and besides, you would not need laxative or other pills to keep your stomach and bowels clean and fresh. Pape's Diapensin can be obtained from your druggist and contains more than sufficient to thoroughly cure the worst case of indigestion or dyspepsia. There is nothing better for gas on the stomach or sour odors from the stomach or to cure a stomach headache. You couldn't keep a handier or more useful article in the house.

person can have more than one account. The minimum deposit which will be accepted is one dollar. Interest is to be allowed at a rate not exceeding two per cent, per annum, an evidence of the intention of the government not to compete with local banks. No account shall have a total credit exceeding five hundred dollars, exclusive of accumulated interest, and not more than six hundred may be deposited in any one month. Withdrawals may be made under rules and regulations to be prescribed by a board of trustees. The bill does not undertake to prescribe administrative details, for the reason that it is believed wiser and far more prudent to leave such details to be worked out by the board in the light of experience.

HALL IN TROUBLE.
Navy Prefers Charges Against Marine
Who Made Fake Confession.

Washington, Feb. 11.—James Hall, the marine who made a bogus confession to the effect that he was the murderer of the unfortunate Anna Schumaker in the cemetery in Rochester, is apt to pay dearly for his joke. He was turned over to the civil authorities by the naval commandant at Portsmouth, N. H., and taken to Rochester for trial by the civil authorities, and soon after his arrival it was found that he had been working on a farm at the time of the murder. Now the Rochester authorities cannot hold him, but the navy department has reconsidered the order for the immediate discharge of the man from the navy, and he will be taken back to the prison ship at Portsmouth to serve out the unexpired portion of his sentence for enlistment under false pretenses. Moreover, it is probable that Hall also will be tried on a fresh charge of practicing fraud against the navy.

ROBBETT NOT GUILTY.

And Auld Will Escape with Reprimand,
Naval Officers Think.

Washington, Feb. 11.—If it is expected that Assistant Secretary Winthrop will today dispose of the court martial cases of Paymaster George P. Auld and Surgeon Anson H. Robbett, recently tried at the Castle of the navy yard on charges of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman in connection with an assault on Dr. Edward Spencer Cowles at a navy dance.

While no official announcement has yet been made, naval officers in Washington are generally unanimous in the opinion that the numbers which the court recommended should be lost in the case of Paymaster Auld will be altogether remitted. A severe reprimand, however, is looked for.

It is not believed that the court has found Surgeon Robbett guilty.

INCREASE IN IMMIGRANTS.

Twice as Many in 1909 as Came During
the Year Before.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Immigration into the United States during 1909 was twice as great as during the previous year. In all, 557,105 alien immigrants entered the United States last year against 410,310 in 1908. Arrivals of non-immigrants numbered 188,610.

From Europe over 85 per cent. of the immigration came, Italy leading with 227,064, or 25 per cent. The emigration from Italy to this country last year was four times that of the year before.

DEFY JUDGE WRIGHT.

Senator Will Disobey His Order to Ap-
pear Before Him.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Under positive instruction of the Senate, Senators Smoot, Bourne and Fletcher, the senate members of the joint printing committee of Congress, will not respond to the rule issued by Justice Wright of the district supreme court, requiring them to appear to-day before him. Their refusal will be based on the constitutional prerogative of members of Congress, as constituted by the Senate.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAXO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

NEW LIFE TO
FOOD INQUIRYThe Judge's Charge Encour-
ages Prosecutors

SAYS STORING PRODUCTS

To Advance Prices Is a Conspiracy—A
Heavy Drop in All Livestock Re-
ceipts—Important Report Made
by Dept. of Commerce.

New York, Feb. 11.—Spurred on by Judge Swayne's charge that a combination to store foodstuffs for the purpose of advancing the price is an overt act, the Hudson county grand jury yesterday continued its investigation of the big cold storage warehouses on the New Jersey side of the Hudson river. In view of the court's dictum that any combination to raise prices is a conspiracy, Prosecutor Garven counts on securing indictments that he believes will check the alleged evils of the cold storage system, whereby it is charged that altitudinous prices are maintained in season and out.

Justice Swayne, in opening his special charge, said:—

"The prosecutor has brought to my notice the investigation that you have been pursuing into the cold food storage of food in this country. I understand the investigation has led you to desire some instructions as to the law regarding criminal conspiracy. A recent decision of the supreme court certainly extends very much the scope of the crime of conspiracy, showing that it is not limited to the acts prescribed by the statute.

"The court has said in so many words that 'where the conspiracy results in mischief to the public it seems that the indictment will be sustained, whether the object of the means are criminal, and 'an indictable conspiracy may be a combination to accomplish an object which is not criminal, where the public is injuriously involved or where the result would be either injury or oppression to individuals.'

"This is the last authoritative declaration of our courts, and it is couched in language so broad and sweeping that a combination to commit any act where the public is injuriously involved, or where the result would be an injury to individuals, would seem to be an indictable conspiracy."

Agitation in New York City proper against high meat prices has simmered down until the only remedial measure now in view locally is the cold storage regulation ordinance before the board of aldermen. Meat prices at Lenox's beginning remain about stationary, but eggs and butter are showing a disposition to decline. This is believed to be due to reasonable reasons and not to the agitation for lower prices, which seems to have been considered ineffective in the forms it had taken during the past few weeks and to have been largely abandoned. Legislative and judicial action is now chiefly looked upon to supply a solution of the high cost of living problem, if one is to be found.

Frankly acknowledging that fowl, fish and meats are kept in cold storage from from four to nine months in this city, packers appeared before the committee on laws and legislation of the board of aldermen Wednesday afternoon in opposition to a proposed ordinance requiring all cold storage products to be tagged and stamped with the date when they are placed in storage and the date when taken out. They declared that the ordinance would increase the cost of cold storage products to a prohibitive figure. It was said by one man that cold storage turkeys, covered with mould after having been in cold storage for two years, had been handled. He also had heard that goat's flesh was sold in the spring of the year for lamb. Frank Harvey Field, representing the wholesale fish dealers, said that if the ordinance were passed there would be no fish in some parts of the year. "We would have to go to the cold storage houses in New Jersey," he said, adding that if retailers of fish should have to tag every small in a barrel, one of the cheapest foods would become one of the most costly.

One speaker acknowledged that he had \$30,000 worth of turkeys and other fowl in cold storage.

NO MONEY IS WANTED

If Palm Vine Does Not Give Strength
and Health to Any Woman.

After years of experimenting, it has been conclusively proven that falling of the womb, painful and irregular menstruation and other special diseases of women cannot be cured by mere stomach medication.

The combination of Palm Vine with direct local use of Dr. Howard's Sanative Tablets is the only way to cure. For a limited time Dr. F. Davis will give a 50c box of Sanative Tablets with every package of Palm Vine, making the cost of the combined treatment half price, only 50c—nothing if it fails.

CHARCOT ON
WAY HOMEAntarctic Explorer in Magel-
lan Straits

NOTHING OF THE RESULTS

He Was Not Expected to Return Home
So Soon—Party Sailed from France
in the Pourquoi Pas in
1903.

Buenos Ayres, Feb. 11.—The captain of the steamer Sud, which arrived at Punta Arenas yesterday, reports that he spoke the antarctic exploring steamer Pourquoi Pas, anchored at Port Gallant in the strait of Magellan. Dr. J. M. Charcot refused any information concerning the results of the French south polar expedition.

The French antarctic expedition headed by Dr. J. M. Charcot sailed from Punta Arenas on December 17, 1908. The expedition had been fitted out in France, the Pourquoi Pas having sailed from Havre on August 13 preceding. The expedition reached the island of Deception on December 22 and from that point the last cable report of the party was sent. Mail advices under the same date reached Paris in May, 1909. Since then no word of the progress made by the explorers has been received. Dr. Charcot expected to be absent about two years. The primary aim, it was said at the time, was not to reach the south pole, but rather to make scientific observations. Dr. Charcot expected that his vessel would reach the southern ice at the beginning of the southern summer, about December 15, and at a point about 500 miles south of Cape Horn. Six automobile sleds with which Dr. Charcot had already experimented in the Alps were depended upon to enable the expedition to make its way into the interior, along the glaciers, and supplement the services rendered by the sleds. The Pourquoi Pas registers 800 tons and with 400 horsepower engines is capable of making about ten knots an hour.

SWITCHMEN VOTE TO STRIKE.

Turn Down Offer of Chicago Rail-
roads.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—By a reported vote of 3007 to 91, switchmen members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen of eighteen Chicago railroads have decided in favor of a strike. At a recent conference between representatives of the union and general managers of the railroads, an increase in wages was refused. The railroads made certain concessions in the working rules and offered to submit the wage question to arbitration under the Keimman law. The switchmen say that they do not wish arbitration but it is generally believed by the railroads that the question will be settled by that method and that there will be no strike. The question whether the men will strike or not probably will be settled to-day, when representatives of the brotherhood are to give an ultimatum to the railroad managers.

GUSTAF DOING WELL.

Sweedish King Passes a Good Night,
Sleeping without an Opiate.

Stockholm, Feb. 11.—The physicians in attendance upon King Gustaf, who was operated upon for appendicitis on Monday night, issued the following bulletin yesterday morning: "The king passed a fairly good night and slept five hours without the use of an opiate. His majesty is able this morning to take a little more nourishment, and no disgusting symptoms have appeared. The king's temperature is 99.1 and pulse 82."

The queen arrived in this city yesterday morning from Karlsruhe.

INTOXICATION, VALID CAUSE.

Iowa Court Rules a Public Official May
Be Removed for Drunkenness.

Des Moines, Feb. 11.—The Iowa supreme court has upheld the constitutionality of the Cosson removal law, which provides that public officials may be removed for intoxication. The decision confirms the order of A. H. Handerson as mayor of Marengo. The court holds that the question of drinking goes to a man's qualification for office and to even though this habit is an issue in the election and the people decided for him, he can still be ousted for that very fault.

Catarrh Will Go

Relief in Two Minutes, Complete Cure
Soon.

Don't go on hawking yourself sick every morning; it's cruel, it's harmful and it's unnecessary. If after breathing Hyomei, the wonder-worker, you are not rid of vile catarrh, you can have your money back.

No stomach disease—just take the little hard rubber pocket inhaler that comes with each outfit and pour into it a few drops of Hyomei. Breathe it according to directions. In two minutes it will relieve you of that stuffed up feeling. Use it a few minutes every day, and in a few weeks you will be entirely free from catarrh.

Let us, until today, it only costs \$1.00. It's worth \$100 to any catarrh sufferer. For sale by druggists everywhere and by Red Cross Pharmacy, which guarantees it to cure catarrh, croup, coughs, colds, sore throat and bronchitis. An extra bottle of Hyomei liquid, if needed, costs but 50c. The little hard rubber pocket inhaler you get with the outfit will last a lifetime.

WRIGHTS HAVE
NEW SECRETSThey Promise to Announce
Startling Discoveries Soon

RETURN TO RESEARCH

Presented Yesterday at Washington
with Langley Medal of the
Smithsonian Institution.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The Langley medal of the Smithsonian institution was presented yesterday to the Wright brothers. The medal was created in 1908 in commemoration of Prof. Langley and his work in aerodynamics.

Orville and Wilbur Wright were both at the presentation, at which Chief Justice Fuller, as chancellor of the institution, presided. Vice-President Sherman was also present. Prof. Alexander Graham Bell and Senator Lodge made brief addresses and Chief Justice Fuller then presented the medals—one to each of the brothers, who smiled and bowed.

Wilbur Wright, after some urging, made quite a speech, in which he said that when the Wright brothers have perfected their commercial flying machine organization they intend to go back to research work and announce some startling discoveries. He declared there was research work awaiting which could keep six men busy a lifetime.

The medal was struck in the mint at Paris, and was designed by J. C. Champlain, a member of the French academy. The verse from the seal of the institution, designed by St. Gaudens. Duplicates in bronze were also presented to the brothers, and one replica was kept for the institution.

YOUNG ROOSEVELT
SAYS HE'S ENGAGEDTo Marry Eleanor Butler Alexander of
New York, After the Latter's
Mother Made Announce-
ment.

New York, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Henry Addison Alexander yesterday announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Eleanor Butler Alexander, to Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., eldest son of the former president. Roosevelt, Jr., was at Mrs. Alexander's house last evening. He said the announcement was made at this time, because it was the desire of his family to have the announcement made before the departure of his mother for Europe within a few days.

Miss Alexander is 21 and Roosevelt is 23. Her mother was Miss Grace Green, one of the three daughters of Albert W. Green, a merchant of this city, who died ten years ago. Mrs. Alexander's two sisters are Mrs. Eliza M. Fulton, Jr. (Mary Butler Green) and Mrs. J. Ellis Hoffman (Alice Green) of Paris. Henry Addison Alexander was the son of Henry M. Alexander, of the law firm of Alexander & Green, of which the late Judge Asbell Green was a partner. He was at one time counselor to the embassy at Paris. He married Grace Green in January, 1888. Eleanor Butler Green was born the following December. In 1903 Mrs. Alexander left her husband and went to California, where she got a divorce and was awarded the custody of her daughter. Two years later Mr. and Mrs. Alexander patched up their differences and were remarried in December, 1905.

In 1901, another break came between the Alexanders. Mrs. Alexander had been on a visit in Connecticut and on her return found a letter from her husband, saying that he had gone to Mexico for a fortnight and later another letter postmarked Paris and signed by her husband, saying that he was never going to return to her, was received. Mrs. Alexander went to France and in 1906 got a divorce. Later Alexander married the widow of Kinley Magoon, a banker of New York, who got a divorce from him in France in February last year, after a series of cross suits. One of the preliminaries of this divorce was Alexander's announcement in 1908 that his wife, Jessie Terrence Magoon Alexander, had eloped with William Graham Blakestone, a London solicitor.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt and her daughter, Miss Ethel Roosevelt, with a very few intimate friends of the Roosevelts and of Mrs. Alexander, dined last night at Mrs. Alexander's home, and it was then that the announcement was made. Following the dinner, Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel Roosevelt left for Oyster bay. Roosevelt and his fiancée, Mrs. Alexander and other guests, although less than a dozen, attended the theatre.

Roosevelt met the newspaper men at Mrs. Alexander's home before going to the theatre. He said his father did not yet know of the engagement. He had just called his father, he said, telling him all about it. He had known Miss Alexander for several years, having known her first when ex-President Roosevelt's family lived upon Madison avenue.

The former president knew of their

We want to say a word about
SUITS For Men,
Young Men
and Boys

Just now, for very good reasons, we will sell suits from our well selected stock at prices so low that every man, young man and boy in Washington county has before him the best bargains in clothes ever named.

Really, it is a shame to mark suits, in many instances, way below their actual cost, but this is just what we are doing.

Now, will you come?

Moore & Owens,

Barre's Leading Clothiers, 122 North Main Street, Barre, Vermont.

friendship and approved of it. Roosevelt said that the marriage would not take place until the return of his father from Africa. He said the exact date had not yet been decided upon. The young man is still in the employ of the Hartford Carpet company. He did not know just where he would locate after marriage.

AMERICANS THE VICTIMS.

Apparently Chief Sufferers from Nicar-
agua Military Operations.

Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 11.—Matagalpa province is being ravaged by revolutionists, who are moving toward Mayaguez. This section is occupied largely by American-owned coffee plantations, which have been seriously damaged by the depredations of recruiting parties sent out by the government.

The danger to American interests is doubled now that General Chamorro's forces are also in the district. Despite repeated protests made by American Consul Oliver, American plantations have been raided and left bare of laborers, who have been drafted into the government army. As a result, the coffee is in danger of being a total loss. The property of the San Francisco Coffee company is at the mercy of the raiders.

The coffee plantation owners complain of the hostility of local and military authorities in Matagalpa province, particularly of Gen. Porto Carrero, who, regarding the orders of President Maza and the minister-general, is subjecting the Americans to persecution.

Fear for the safety of these Americans has been expressed by Consul Oliver to President Madrid and the latter has promised them protection, but it is possible that he is powerless to compel compliance with his orders.

TRUSTEES STAND BY WILSON.

They Upheld His Stand in Regard to
Procter Gift.

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 11.—The board of trustees of Princeton accepted unanimously yesterday a report on the Procter gift in which President Woodrow Wilson's proposal was upheld.

The report is of a specific nature and the passage of it was intended primarily to quiet the discord in Princeton circles. The trustees held only a brief meeting and transacted no business save the discussion of the report. There was no discussion or expression of dissent. The action of the trustees was prearranged and the report was all printed out.

The report is signed by John Dixon, Cleveland H. Dodge, Henry W. Green, Henry B. Thompson and Thomas D. Jones, chairman of the committee on the Procter gift. It consists of fourteen printed pages, to which are added ten pages of letters in the case.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
Stops Falling Hair
Makes Hair Grow
Does not Color the Hair
Does not Color the Hair
Does not Color the Hair**The Sewing Light**
The Rayo Lamp

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The Rayo is a low-priced lamp, but you cannot get a better lamp at any price.

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(Incorporated)

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SWOPE CASE TO GRAND JURY.

Death of Millionaire Will Be Given Pro-
ther Consideration.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 11.—Judge Ralph S. Latschaw of the criminal court yesterday instructed the county marshal to empanel a special grand jury to convene Saturday to investigate the death of Colonel Thomas H. Swope. Virgil Cockling, prosecuting attorney, probably will await the action of the grand jury before taking any action in the case.